Integrated Methane Inversion (IMI):

A tool for stakeholders to infer total methane emissions from satellite data

Delaware

Midland

What IMI users can do:

- Quantify methane emissions from any region at 25-km resolution with accounting of uncertainties
- Compare their results to bottom-up emission inventories
- Set up near-real-time continuous monitoring for their region
- Run the IMI freely on the AWS cloud or with the user-friendly Integral Earth dashboard

What is under the IMI hood:

- Advanced inverse methods documented in the scientific literature and made easy to use
- A team of Harvard developers supported by NASA, Exxon-Mobil, and the Harvard Methane Initiative
- An open-source code for transparency of results

Varon, D.J., et al., Integrated Methane Inversion (IMI 1.0): a user-friendly, cloud-based facility for inferring high-resolution methane emissions from TROPOMI satellite observations, *Geosci. Model Dev.* 15, 5787-5805, <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-15-5787-2022</u>, 2022

Why the IMI?

Satellites observe atmospheric methane worldwide, but calculating emission rates (through "inversions" of the satellite data) requires advanced computational resources and scientific expertise.

Posterior emissions

12.6

10.5 📻

4.2 ši 2.1

20.0







*Reach out for accurate estimates. Costs range from \$10 to \$100+ per request depending on the region and period of interest.

New IMI 2.0 released in June 2024 features greatly expanded capabilities



- Future Developments:
- Improve user dashboard for ease of input and output management
- Exploit new satellite datasets (MethaneSAT, Carbon Mapper, ...)
- Increase resolution to 12 km
- Extend capability to CO₂

Continuous weekly monitoring of Turkmenistan's methane emissions with IMI 2.0





- IMI 2.0 enables continuous monitoring (e.g., weekly, monthly) of methane emissions from any region of interest
- <u>Example</u>: Continuous weekly monitoring of Turkmenistan's methane emissions supports diplomatic activities of the UNEP International Methane Emissions Observatory (IMEO)
- National total methane emissions are highly correlated with sums of point source detections in Turkmenistan (bottom right figure)



Coming soon... Integral Earth

- Managed emission monitoring for easy stakeholder access via web UI
- Expert evaluation of results
- Customized emissions intelligence dashboards



To get more information and access the IMI:

- The IMI is openly accessible on the AWS Marketplace. All you need is an AWS account: read the documentation at <u>https://imi.readthedocs.io/en/dev/</u>
- Visit the IMI website: <u>https://www.imi.seas.harvard.edu</u>
- Contact the IMI team:
 - Lucas Estrada (<u>lestrada@g.harvard.edu</u>, Lead Developer)
 - Melissa Sulprizio (<u>mpayer@seas.harvard.edu</u>, Software Engineer)
 - John Thomas (johnthomas@g.harvard.edu, Web Developer)
 - Alex Goodman (<u>agoodman@mba2025.hbs.edu</u>, Marketing Director)
 - Daniel Varon (<u>danielvaron@g.harvard.edu</u>, Lead Developer)
 - Daniel Jacob (<u>djacob@fas.harvard.edu</u>, Lab Director)
- Attend virtual user workshop on **15 October 2024 at 11-13 eastern US time** contact Melissa Sulprizio to get on email list for updates